

## ROCKEFELLER TALKS WITH NEE UNION LEADERS

Pleasant, but Entirely Informal and Unofficial, Says John D. Jr.

### MOTHER JONES DOUBTS: NEW GIFTS DISCLOSED

Three of the men who engineered the great strike in the Colorado coal mines last year went to the office of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., yesterday at his invitation and for nearly two hours discussed with him the grievances of the employees of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company.

These men were Frank J. Hayes, vice-president of the United Mine Workers; Edward L. Doyle, secretary-treasurer of District No. 15, the Colorado division of the United Mine Workers, and James Lord of the mining department of the American Federation of Labor.

While the strike was brewing and when it had reached the climax of disorder, fire and murder these men sent telegrams and letters to Mr. Rockefeller asking him for an opportunity to discuss the tactics being pursued by the president of the company and his immediate assistants in the field.

Mr. Rockefeller explained in a statement that time, and in his testimony before the House Committee on Mines and Mining, that as a director of the company he could do no more than support the executive officers in whatever they believed to be right under the circumstances.

#### Plan Not Yet Tried Out.

Since then the strike has been settled. The company has proposed a plan to settle future differences with its men. That plan has not been tried out yet. It may involve difficulties as yet not seen. The whole situation is still very much in the course of adjustment, and it is because of that fact that Mr. Rockefeller, realizing, as he says, more fully his duties as a director, is just now seeking all the information he can get on the subject.

When they came from the office the three union officials said they would leave it to Mr. Rockefeller to decide what had taken place. They gave evidence of their satisfaction and intimated that there will be no further conferences, at which the matter will be more deeply considered.

"We had a pleasant little talk about the general situation," said Mr. Rockefeller. "Just an informal, unofficial talk. You can understand how much depends upon what is being done by the company. More harm than good might come if this discussion were represented as anything more than it was."

#### Mother Jones Now Doubts.

Mother Jones, who talked with Mr. Rockefeller on Wednesday about the Colorado situation, made a statement yesterday in which she said she expected something more from the Rockefeller promises of help in remedying the conditions of which she complained to him. She wants him to go right out to Colorado now and see things for himself before the men forget about the strike of last summer.

"Mr. Rockefeller is a very pleasant young man," said Mother Jones. "I secured me through him an audience to help the workers in their struggle for a chance to live as free men and women, and we are going to give him every chance in the world to show us what he means."

"Good intentions are all right as paving blocks, but what we want is performance—and we want it now. I don't believe Mr. Rockefeller will give us what we need and what the workers of the world need, if he is sincere and if he is sincere he would realize that the new scheme for meeting his men in Colorado is a sham."

"He is letting the workers elect one representative at each mine and these delegates meet with the company officials in Denver. They have no organization behind them. They are absolutely powerless to enforce any just demand. They have no treasury. The operators could put over anything they pleased and if the men tried to resist by the only means in their power—a strike—they would be starved out in a week."

"So far Mr. Rockefeller has given only lip service to the workers in industry. His new plan in Colorado masquerades as the basis for collective bargaining. It is the shadow and not the substance. I am sure that Mr. Rockefeller will not be willing to take credit for being a liberal and enlightened and humane man without making good on his promise. He can't eat his cake and have it too. So far his company has not given up a cent of its arbitrary power. It is up to Mr. Rockefeller to prove that he is not trying to win favor with the public by putting out a few fine sounding phrases."

"For ten years the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company and the rest of them have starved and hammered down our boys out there. They have tried to starve them, they have blacklisted and beaten or shot down. I want to have young Mr. Rockefeller go now and see for himself."

"Nothing is settled out there. The strike is over and unionism was ground under the heel of tyranny, ground down to the mud. I want young Mr. Rockefeller to see and understand. I want him to go out there now while the ashes of Ludlow are still hot. There is no use in his going out next summer or next fall. Now is the time, when people are shaking about it."

#### Other Gifts Disclosed.

Robert Fulton Cutting, who is associated with the New York Trades School, the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor and the Bureau of Municipal Research, supplied interesting testimony yesterday before the Commission on Industrial Relations. He disclosed that John D. Rockefeller is the largest contributor to the upkeep of the Bureau of Municipal Research, which has an income of about \$70,000 a year.

## WHITE CROSS MUST NOT USE MRS. MITCHEL'S NAME

Letter From Mayor's Office Sent to Franchlyn Lawrence, of "Girls' Charity."

Mrs. John Purroy Mitchell, wife of the Mayor, caused a letter to be sent yesterday to Franchlyn Lawrence, chairman of the American Club and acting chairman of the White Cross Committee, requesting the withdrawal of her name as an honorary patroness of the American Club, an organization designed to foster commercial relations with foreign countries and to entertain visiting foreign dignitaries.

The letter was written by Bertram deN. Cruger, executive secretary to Mayor Mitchell, who on April 30, 1914, wrote a letter accepting in behalf of Mrs. Mitchell, Lawrence's invitation to become a patroness of the American Club. Mr. Cruger was impressed by the list of names of the patronesses of the club, mentioned by Lawrence as "Mrs. Fish, Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Reid" and others.

Lawrence asserted last night that he did not refer to Mrs. Mitchell, Fish, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs and Mrs. White, law Reid, who are generally assumed to be referred to in such a grouping of names.

#### All His Clubs Included.

The letter which Mr. Cruger, at the request of Mrs. Mitchell, wrote to Lawrence follows:

"DEAR SIR: Mrs. Mitchell has requested me to write you to say that the committee of the American Club, which is an honorary patroness of the American Club, was due to a mistake in this office and without her knowledge and consent. She therefore wishes me to request you to withdraw her name from the list of patronesses and would like to have her withdrawal include also such associations, societies or clubs as may be considered in any way affiliated with the American Club. Very truly yours,

"B. DE N. CRUGER, Executive Secretary."

The original letter written by Lawrence to Mrs. Mitchell has peculiar interest at this time, and attention may be justly called to the writer's grouping of the names of patronesses. It was written from 602 Fifth avenue on April 22, 1914, and was addressed to Mrs. Mitchell at City Hall. It read:

"DEAR MADAM: We believe that you will be interested in the efforts of the American Club (a patriotic and altruistic organization, having no sectarian, political or commercial affiliations, the principal aim of which is to foster closer relations between the United States and other civilized nations) and we would greatly appreciate your cooperation in the entertainment of Governors, Ambassadors, Ministers and other visitors of distinction at luncheons, dinners and receptions to be given in their honor.

President and 40 Governors.

"Numbered among the members of the American Club are the President, the Governors of the United States, the Ministers of the largest cities, the diplomatic representatives of nearly every nation and men of conspicuous position in all sections of America and abroad. Its patronesses include Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Breitung, Mrs. Fish, Mrs. Glynn, wife of Gov. Glynn, Mrs. Huntington, the Princess Lwoff-Parlagy, Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Reid and many other distinguished hostesses in our city.

"Under separate cover I am sending you a list of names of the patronesses of the organization, with abstracts of letters recently received from eminent members, and trust that it will be agreeable to you to become an honorary patroness of the club, without title or for title (as you desire), and contribute to its success by participating in some of the functions to be arranged for distinguished visitors in our city.

"Our executive officers occupy the second floor at 602 Fifth avenue, and we would highly appreciate the privilege of explaining more fully the plans of our organization if you should honor the club by a personal visit. Very truly yours, "FRANKLYN LAWRENCE, President."

#### Uncertain About Booklet.

The same list of patronesses is printed in a booklet of the American Club, which Lawrence handed it to a reporter for this story on Wednesday evening. Last night he was queried about that list and said:

"Why, that is a list that was printed two years ago."

The printed list, however, included the name of Mrs. Mitchell and later on Lawrence said that the booklet was printed last April. He was asked in regard to the list of patronesses if he had received written acceptances. He replied:

"What Mrs. Oelrichs do you refer to? What Mrs. Reid, what Mrs. Fish, what Mrs. Alexander and what Mrs. Huntington do you refer to?"

"I refuse to give their full names," he replied. "I refuse to let you see the letters because I do not care to embarrass the ladies by giving them undue and unnecessary publicity. But I want it distinctly understood that I do not refer to the women you have named. Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Fish, Mrs. Huntington, whose name has been mentioned."

"The Mrs. Alexander in question lives in Chicago. As for Mrs. Fish, she is a friend of Mrs. Charlotte B. Breitung, wife of Edward E. Breitung of the St. Regis. I have a letter here from her in which she assures me of her support and asks for copies of the statement of the purposes of the club to send to friends. Here is the letter."

"Furthermore, the Mrs. Fish referred to is a friend of Mrs. Breitung, who obtained from Mrs. Fish and another woman whose name I do not care to mention their verbal acceptances to become honorary patronesses of the club. As for the list I do not think I should go into details, for two of the women mentioned are now dead."



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#### Refuses a Direct Reply.

"You say you did not refer in your pamphlet to the women well known in social affairs. Did you expect Mrs. Mitchell to know that?" Lawrence was asked. He refused to reply directly.

Lawrence was asked to produce the letters from Governors of States and other prominent individuals whose names he had printed on letterheads of the White Cross committee of the American Club as "members of the national committee." There are twenty-six names on the list, including the names of Mayor Hylan, Governor Hylan, Col. William D. Alton, who he had admitted previously had withdrawn their names. He produced only two letters and said he had written before, before Col. William D. Alton, who he had admitted previously had withdrawn their names. He produced only two letters and said he had written before, before Col. William D. Alton, who he had admitted previously had withdrawn their names.

#### Insists on Being Helped.

Lawrence exhibited the following letter which he said he had written to Mrs. Black under date of January 15:

"We were very much distressed this morning by the receipt of your favor of the 13th inst. Mrs. Black, who is a member of the committee was endeavoring to relieve the distress of women and children in war-stricken Europe who definitely agreed to contribute to a fund for the relief of the American society in which we were interested. We were very much distressed this morning by the receipt of your favor of the 13th inst. Mrs. Black, who is a member of the committee was endeavoring to relieve the distress of women and children in war-stricken Europe who definitely agreed to contribute to a fund for the relief of the American society in which we were interested."

#### HER MIND BACK AFTER ETHER.

A woman who has been in Flower Hospital for a week, suffering from loss of memory was given ether yesterday by Dr. A. R. McMichael. When she recovered her memory had apparently been restored. She said she had lost her name and told something of her past life.

She is Mrs. Molly Baker, she said, and was born in England. Six months ago she came to New York and since that time she has been in the hospital. Her mind was so affected that she was unable to remember her name and where she was.

"Mrs. Belmont is sending up special cases from the Vacation War Relief Committee at Mrs. Morgan's request. Lawrence insisted that the American Club was practically dead and that its headquarters was not at 13 West Fifty-first street."

#### All "Girls" at 35.

"I have spoken of girls. That is an unfortunate use of the word on my part. I mean a girl when I refer to a woman of 35 years. Why, today a girl—I mean a woman who is easily 35—who was standing with us. A man called and took her away, saying he had a place for her. I do not remember his name, but I do not remember his name, but I do not remember his name."

"It really has been pathetic to see the cases coming in here. Last night a young woman came in here with 20 cuts in her body. She told me she had been turned away from the home of a noted clergyman. I took her in and gave her food and shelter and will continue to do so."

A. W. Callisen of Princeton, who has been mentioned as vice-president of the American Club, was stanch yesterday in his defense of the strike in Colorado and said, "I have known him for a long time," he said, "and I know that I can trust him. He is a splendid man."

#### Elbert Hubbard Letter Put In.

There was read into the record in the morning a letter written by Elbert Hubbard of East Aurora, N. Y., in which he suggested to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., that he (Mr. Hubbard) had written something about the strike in Colorado and that if Mr. Rockefeller was interested he might send him a copy, because "any suggestion from you in the line of popular education would be greatly appreciated." In a subsequent letter Mr. Hubbard explained that the price would be \$200 for 1,000 extra copies.

## BILLY SUNDAY CAN'T SAY N. Y. TILL FALL

Gets Invitation of 300 New York Pastors, Then Attacks Their Churches.

### WINS OVER DELEGATION

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—A delegation of 300 New York ministers, representing almost every denomination, came to this city today to urge Billy Sunday to conduct a revival meeting in New York at the Tabernacle this afternoon and listened while the evangelist delivered a verbal broadside against the wealthy New York churches which move up town and "allow all the unsaved souls they leave behind to go to hell."

There is nothing nor dodging the fact that the church is facing a crisis," Sunday said. "Take a walk down Fifth avenue through the districts of wealth and refinement and you find church spires a plenty. But as you walk eastward toward the river what do you find? You New York preachers know what is there. The further down town you go the less is the number of God's steeples. As the population becomes more dense and poor the church becomes a thing of the past. It is disappearing."

"Gradually the older members of congregations have moved into the suburbs and with their withdrawal the support of the downtown church becomes more difficult. In board and trustee meetings of such churches you hear talk like this: 'Cut your clothes to fit your cloth—cut down expenses to tally with receipts.' 'Cut out God,' he should. 'Is this a cause and a time for retrenchment or advancement? Does a wise General reduce his force in the presence of the enemy?'

"Instead of adding to the funds to help save the fortunes in the densest populated sections what do you do in most cases? You sell your old downtown churches for enormous sums of money to build new ones in the suburbs. You put the money out into the quiet, peaceful suburbs and put it into fine, costly club-houses. And then you forget all about the unsaved souls who live in the old town and let them go to hell in luxury."

When Sunday gave the call for converts and the people flocked down the sidewalk, the visiting clergymen and the board members of the churches present were so impressed that they agreed to support the evangelist immediately before the sermon. Dr. Young said:

"A mighty host in the metropolis are listening Evangelist Sunday to come to our city."

Sunday in reply said:

"First of all, before I could even consider the question of going to New York, I must be invited by the New York churches. I am a genuine demand on the part of the Protestant clergy."

"Under proper conditions a great work, in my opinion, could be done in New York. I tell you, and I mean it, that I would not cancel an engagement in Squidunkville, if I had one there, to hasten to New York to help the New York churches. It's not a square deal."

"My conditions for a campaign in New York would be and will be exactly the same as they were for this campaign in Philadelphia."

"This talk of my holding a campaign in New York this spring or summer is a gross misstatement. I have not held a campaign at all the time I have been next full time. I have at present no definite idea as to what the time would be for such a definite idea it cannot well be until after next fall."

HER MIND BACK AFTER ETHER. A woman who has been in Flower Hospital for a week, suffering from loss of memory was given ether yesterday by Dr. A. R. McMichael. When she recovered her memory had apparently been restored. She said she had lost her name and told something of her past life.

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In a subsequent letter Mr. Hubbard explained that the price would be \$200 for 1,000 extra copies. The hearings of the commission will go on to-day. Those subpoenaed as witnesses are Dr. Charles W. Eliot, John Hays Hammond and George F. Baker. The commission will probably complete its examinations here by the end of next week and will go then to Chicago for an investigation of transportation companies.

## NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO PUSH 'MADE IN THE U. S. A.'

Miss Anne Morgan, Isaac Marcosson and E. D. Page Among Those Selected.

The first official step in the made in the U. S. A. movement was taken yesterday. It consisted of the appointment of the national made in the U. S. A. committee, which met in the office of Commissioner of Weights and Measures Joseph Hartigan and organized a resolution was adopted looking to cooperation with the Chamber of Commerce of the United States at Washington.

The committee is made up of Mr. Hartigan, John H. Fahey, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; Lee Anderson, president of the Board of Commerce of Detroit; Colin Armstrong, Miss Anne Morgan, Charles R. Sherlock of the United Cigar Stores Company, Charles E. Spratt of the Merchants and Manufacturers Exchange of Washington, Edward R. Kohn, president of the Merchants Association of New York, Miss Genevieve Clarke of the Women's Made in the U. S. A. League of Washington, Edward R. Kohn, president of the Merchants Association of New York, Miss Genevieve Clarke of the Women's Made in the U. S. A. League of Washington, Edward R. Kohn, president of the Merchants Association of New York, Miss Genevieve Clarke of the Women's Made in the U. S. A. League of Washington.

More names will be added to this list. A sub-committee consisting of Mr. Hartigan, Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Sherlock was authorized to draw up a plan of work which Mr. Hartigan explained would be largely on the lines of publicity and education. A general campaign will be started to push American products in America. It will be carried on in newspapers and magazines. Appeals will be made to merchants and manufacturers, clubs, civic associations, boards of education and labor organizations.

The committee hopes to make things hard for the manufacturer who ships his goods abroad to be sold here and to sell under foreign marks and for the merchant who sells American goods under foreign labels. Congress will be asked to pass a law providing a penalty for such practices.

Next week the convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States will be held in Washington. To this the committee will send a delegation of representatives who will seek the cooperation of the 4,000 chambers of commerce throughout the country. The work to be done will be to get the work financed largely through the efforts of these chambers.

RESCUED AT SEA AFTER RUNNING OUT OF COAL. Italian Freight Steamship Angelo Parodi Towed to Port by the Crios.

The Greek steamship Crios, which has acquired a habit of succoring vessels in distress, arrived yesterday with the Italian freight steamship Angelo Parodi in tow. The Parodi, in a tumultuous passage from Sardinia, had run out of coal, and to keep her head to sea, had burned most of her fittings and all her damage, which means the loss of used in preventing cargo from shifting.

She was running short of provisions when she was drifting, without steam power, off the Virginia Capes on Monday. The revenue cutter Itasca, on patrol duty, happened to meet her and stood by two days, hoping to give her a line and tow her to port.

The Itasca's coal supply was almost exhausted and she was forced to put into Norfolk to replenish. The Itasca's skipper said he feared the Parodi might have foundered in the dirty weather. The next day the Crios was in sight and got a line to the Parodi, the sea having subsided, and brought her into Sandy Hook. On her trip to the eastward, in November, the Crios ran across the British steamship Grifone, with propeller gone, and towed her 300 miles to Gibraltar. For her two rescues the Crios may get about \$100,000 in salvage.

The Clyde liner Cherokee, from Wilmington, N. C., got in yesterday towing her sister ship, the Algonquin, from Santo Domingo and Turks Island, which lost her propeller on Sunday about 325 miles south of Sandy Hook. Aboard the Algonquin were Capt. Swain and six men. The schooner Frederick Rosner, which was knocked out in heavy weather in December, while bound from Jamaica for St. Paul, was towed by the Crios and landed at Turks Island, where they boarded the Algonquin.

STRIKERS SPURN OFFER FOR PEACE IN JERSEY. Roosevelt Workmen Reject Chemical Company's Proposal of \$1.30 a Day.

ROOSEVELT, N. J., Jan. 28.—While the fertilizer plant workmen who are out on strike here are huddling for Sunday rest, the American Agricultural Chemical Company entered and offered, on behalf of the company, to take the men back at \$1.30 for a ten hour day. The offer was immediately put to a vote and refused.

At the same time resolutions were adopted by the men—there were about 600 of them—present declaring their intention not to return to work for less than \$2 and thanking the borough officials and citizens for their efforts in trying to end the strike.

Early this morning a number of strike breakers were lodged in the plant of Armour & Co. The men working at this plant went on strike a day after the others. Cots, blankets and a supply of food have been moved into the Armour plant. Pickets have been ordered to do duty there to-morrow.

Twenty more witnesses were examined today by the Grand Jury which is trying to fix responsibility for the murder of the two strikers at Roosevelt ten days ago. One of the witnesses, William J. Clark and the Armour plants at Roosevelt have been subpoenaed to appear to-morrow.

Kennedy's 12 Cortlandt St. The Busiest Store Downtown. 1000 Pairs of \$2 Gloves at \$1.00. Kid Silk Lined and Brown Mocha. Can't Give the Maker's Name. Jan's Shirt Sale. Great Savings! Nearly Every Kind. Madras, Percale and Mercerized. Soft and Stiff Cuffs. \$1.00 Shirts, 69c. \$1.50 " 79c. \$2.00 " \$1.25. \$4 Silk Shirts, \$3.35.



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## PUT UNDER BOND FOR "ADVICE" ON FUTURE

Mrs. Marie A. Clark Falls to Convince Court She's Not Fortune Teller.

### MAY FORFEIT \$1,000 BAIL

Members of a little group of seers and fortune tellers who call themselves the New Thought Fraternity, Inc., which is not officially connected with the New Thought Church, underwent physical convulsions yesterday in the West Side court when Magistrate Herbert put their president, Mrs. Marie A. Clark, who says she is 35, under a \$1,000 bond for good behavior for one year, because the first distinction between fortune telling and "concentrating" on future events was beyond Magistrate.

They were even more indignant because the same Magistrate had put their president under a \$1,000 bond a week before when she was arrested for the same offense by another woman detective. This first bond will probably be forfeited on motion of the District Attorney.

Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, detective, testified yesterday that on January 19 she went to 122 West Ninety-fifth street, a private house, where Mrs. Clark concentrates and lets out rooms as a side line. She was given a paper to sign by Mrs. Clark, which she signed, and then, after a preliminary, she said, Mrs. Clark told her to put \$1 in a Bible on the table.

Mrs. Goodwin did so, she testified, and then in answer to her questioning, Mrs. Clark told her that she should live as a West; that the stout, well built man with blue eyes would make a good husband; that it would be better for her to continue nursing as a profession, but must not sell the real estate. During the interview, the detective said, the president several times remarked: "I do not predict. I only advise." After the interview she left with several pamphlets which had been given to her.

Cross-examination by Clark Jordan revealed that the document signed by the detective and the president of the Fraternity had been paid for two papers on concentration and personal magnetism. Mrs. Clark testified she had been a psychologist and lecturer for fourteen years. She denied predicting anything to the detective and said the conversation had been entirely on New Thought subjects and on the literature with which Mrs. Goodwin was burdened.

When Mrs. Clark was put under bond, she whispered a few words to a man, who hurried out of court, and after an hour's wait the bail bond was furnished by the National Surety Company.

#### MAY POSTPONE CANAL OPENING.

President is Expected to Post Off Ceremony Till July 4.

WASHINGTON,